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NY-98-2023

FACULTY OF ARTS & SCIENCE

M.A./M.Sc. (Third Semester) EXAMINATION

NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2023

(New/CBCS Pattern)

MATHEMATICS

Paper: XIV

(Topology)

(Thursday, 07-12-2023)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

- N.B. := (1) All questions are compulsory.
 - (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. (a) If **B** is a basis for the topology of X, then the collection: 15

$$\mathbf{B}_{v} = \{B \cap Y/B \in \mathbf{B}\}\$$

is a basis for the subspace topology on Y. Moreover, as Y be a subspace of X and U is open in Y with Y is open in X, then prove that U is open in X.

P.T.O.

Or

- (b) Let X be a topological space. Then the following conditions hold
 - (1) ϕ and X are closed.
 - (2) Arbitrary intersections of closed sets are closed.
- 2. (a) Let X and Y be topological spaces.

Let $f: X \to Y$, then the following are equivalent:

- (1) f is continuous.
- (2) For every subset A of X, one has $f(\overline{A}) \subset (\overline{f(A)})$.
- (3) For every closed set B of Y, the set f^{-1} (B) is closed in X.

Or

(b) State and prove maps into products theorem also prove that, every constant function from any topological space (X, J) to (Y, J') is continuous.

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3. (a) State and prove Extreme Value Theorem:

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Or

b) Let X be a Hausdorff space. Then X is locally compact iff given x in X and given a neighbourhood U of x, there is a neighbourhood V of x such that \overline{V} is compact and $\overline{V} \subset U$.

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4. (a) A subspace of a Hausdorff space is Hausdorff, a product of Hausdorff space is Hausdorff. Also prove that, subspace of a regular space is regular.

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Or

- (b) If X has a countable basis, then prove that every open covering of X contains a countable subcollection covering X. Also prove that, subspace of a second countable space is second-countable.
- 5. Attempt any *three* of the following:
 - (a) If A is closed in Y and Y is closed in X, then prove that A is closed in X.
 - (b) Prove that, the function $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ given by $f(x) = nx^2 + 1$ is needn't be homomorphism.
 - (c) Prove that, product of second countable space is second countable.
 - (d) Prove that, every compactness implies limit point compactness.

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