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## NA-68-2023

## FACULTY OF ARTS/SCIENCE

## B.A./B.Sc. (Second Year) (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2023

(New Course)

**MATHEMATICS** 

Paper-IX

(Real Analysis-II)

(Thursday, 14-12-2023)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

Time—2 Hours

Maximum Marks—40

N.B. : (i) Attempt all questions.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. A necessary and sufficient condition for the integrability of a bounded function f is that to every  $\epsilon > 0$ , there corresponds  $\delta > 0$  such that for every partition p of [a, b] with norm  $\mu(p) < \delta$

$$U(p, f) - L(p, f) < \epsilon.$$
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Or

(a) If a function f is bounded and integrable on [a, b], then the function F defined as

$$F(x) = \int_{a}^{x} f(t)dt, \ a \le x \le b$$
P.T.O.

is continuous on [a, b] and further more if f is continuous at a point C of [a, b], then F is desirable at C and F'(C) = f(C).

(b) Show that:

 $\int_{a}^{t} \sin x \, dx = 1 - \cos t.$ 

- 2. Prove that the improper integral  $\int_a^b \frac{dx}{(x-a)^n}$  convergence if and only if n < 1 and test the convergence of  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^3}}$ .
  - (a) If  $\phi$  is bounded in  $[a, \infty]$ , and  $\int_a^\infty f dx$  is convergent at  $\infty$ , then prove that  $\int_a^\infty f \phi dx$  is convergent at  $\infty$ .
  - (b) Prove that the integral  $\int_{a}^{\infty} x^{m-1}e^{-x}dx$  is convergent if and only if m > 0.

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- 3. Attempt any two of the following:
  - (a) If f is integrable on [a, b], then prove that  $f^2$  is also integrable on [a, b].
  - (b) Prove that every continuous function is integrable. 5

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- (c) Prove that every absolutely convergent integral is convergent. 5
- (d) Prove that the integral  $\int_a^\infty f dx$  converges at  $\infty$  if and only if for every  $\epsilon > 0$  there corresponds a positive number  $x_0$  such that : 5

$$\left| \int_{x_1}^{x_2} f dx \right| < \epsilon \text{ for all } x_1, x_2 > x_0.$$

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