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NA-164-2023

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

B.Sc. (First Year) (Second Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2023

(New Course)

INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY

Paper-III

(Heat Transfer and Aspect of Industrial Chemistry)

(Saturday, 23-12-2023)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time—2 Hours

Maximum Marks—40

N.B. :— Use of log table and scientific calculator is allowed.

Explain convection in detail with suitable example and explain mathematical
 expression for individual and overall heat transfer coefficients.

Or

Solve problems on:

Steam pipeline 150/160 mm in diameter is covered with a layer of insulating material of thickness 50 mm. The temperature inside the pipeline is 393 K (120°C) and that of outside surface of insulation is 313 K (40°C). Calculate the rate of heat loss of 1 m length pipeline.

Data for K for the pipe is 50 W/(m.K) and K for insulating material is 0.8 W (m.K).

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(b) A furnace is constructed with 225 mm thick of fibre brick, 120 mm of insulating brick and 225 mm of building brick. The inside temperature is 1200 K (927°C) and the outside temperature is 330 K (57°C). Find the loss per unit area and the temperature of junction of the fire brick and insulating brick.

Data K for fire brick = 1.4 W(m.K)

K for insulating brick = 0.2 W(m.K)

K for building brick = 0.7 W/(m.K).

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Explain heat exchange equipment in detail. Give the example of double pipe
heat exchanger, reboiler heat exchanger with neat labelled diagram and
construction and working of it.

Or

Solve the problems on:

(a) Calculate the total length of a double pipe heat exchanger required to cool 5500 kg/h of ethylene glycol from 358 K (85°C) to 341 K (68°C) using toluene as a cooling medium which flows in a counter current fashion. Toluene enters at 303 K (30°C) and leaves at 335 K (62°C).

Data: Outside diameter of outside pipe = 70 mm

Outside diameter of inside pipe = 43 mm.

Wall thickness of both pipes = 3 mm.

Mean properties of two fluids are given as below:

Property	Ethylene glycol	Toluene
Density	1080 kg/m ³	840 kg/m^3
Specific heat	2.680 KJ (kg. K)	1.80 Kj/kg.K
Thermal conductivity	0.248 W/(m.K.)	0.146 W/(m.k)
Viscosity	$3.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Pa.s}$	$4.4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Pa.s}$

Thermal conductivity of metal pipe is 46.52 W/(m.K) and ethylene glycol is flowing through the inner pipe.

- (b) In a double pipe counter current flow heat exchanger, 1000 kg/h of on oil having a specific heat of 2095 J (kg.K) is cooled from 353 K (80°C) to 323 K (50°C) by 8000 kg/h of water entering at 298 K (25°C). Calculate the heat exchanger area for an overall heat transfer coefficient of 300 W(m.K). Take Cp for water as 4180 J (kg.K).
- 3. Write short notes on any two:

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- (a) U-Tube heat exchanger
- (b) Baffles in heat exchanger
- (c) Planck's law
- (d) LMTD.